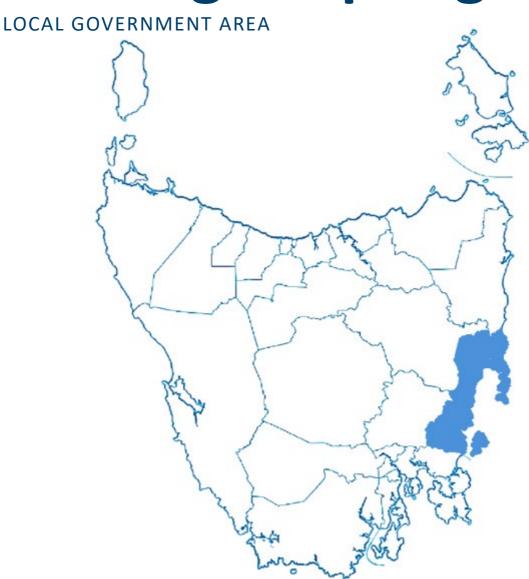




# **Glamorgan Spring Bay**



Health is closely tied to our daily environment. This Community Health Check presents information about the environmental, social and economic state of the Glamorgan Spring Bay local government area.

**Community Health Check 2022** 



## **About us**



	Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA	Tasmania
Our population	5,012	557,571
Aboriginal population	4.4%	5.4%
Population by age	30.5% 19.5% 9.9% 5.9% 0-14 15-24 25-44 45-64 65+	25.6% 25.9% 16.6% 11% 0-14 15-24 25-44 45-64 65+
Born outside Australia	22.7%	20.9%
Median age in years	57	42

Sources: Our population, Aboriginal population, Population by age, Born outside Australia, and Median age in years: Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2021 Census All persons QuickStats, Local Government Areas, Glamorgan Spring Bay

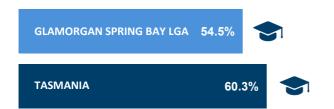
### Social and economic conditions



### **Education**

The proportion of people in the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA who have completed Year 12 and above is less than the proportion for Tasmania overall.

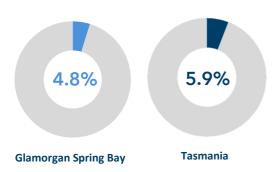
PER CENT OF ELIGIBLE POPULATION WHO HAVE COMPLETED YEAR 12 AND ABOVE



Higher education levels are associated with better health outcomes.

### **Unemployment rates**

The rate of people in the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA who are unemployed is less than the rate in Tasmania overall.



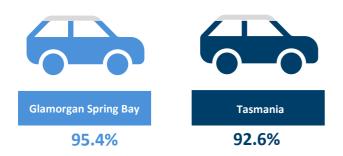
### Median weekly income

Weekly income per household is less in the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA than in the rest of Tasmania.



### **Motor vehicles**

Ninety five per cent (95.4%) of households in the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA have one or more motor vehicles.



### Home ownership

More people in the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA own their homes outright when compared to the rest of Tasmania.

	Glamorgan Spring Bay	Tasmania
Owned outright	52.8%	37.1%
Owned with	22.4%	33%
mortgage		
Rented	20.3%	26.4%

Sources: Our population, Aboriginal population, Population by age, Born outside Australia, and Median age in years: Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2021 Census All persons QuickStats, Local Government Areas, Glamorgan Spring Bay

# **Healthy living**



### Self-reported health

Thirty-six per cent (36%) of Glamorgan Spring Bay residents rated their health as "excellent" or "very good". This is similar to the rate for Tasmania.

#### ADULTS REPORTING THEIR OWN HEALTH AS 'EXCELLENT' OR 'VERY GOOD'



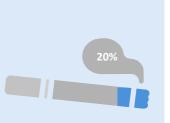
How people feel about their own health, their state of mind and their life in general is a common measure of health. (Australia's Health 2018. AIHW)

#### **Risk factors**

Risk factors are conditions or behaviours that make it more likely people will get a chronic condition or health problem.

		Glamorgan Spring Bay	Tasmania
•	Overweight/obese body mass index (BMI)	45%	58%
9	Current smoker	20%	12%
	Consumes 2 or more drinks per day*	30%	19%
홋	Insufficient moderate/vigorous activity+		11%
	Less than two serves of vegetables per day^	85%	91%
ď	Less than two serves of fruit per day^	59%	53%

In the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA, around 20% of people aged 18 years and over, are daily and current smokers, which is higher than the rate for Tasmania.



Source: Self-reported health and Risk factors: Department of Health and Human Services Report on the Tasmania Population Health Survey 2019

<sup>\*2009</sup> National Health and Medical Research Council alcohol guidelines

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>+</sup>2014 National Health and Medical Research Council physical activity guidelines

<sup>^2013</sup> National Health and Medical Research Council dietary guidelines

## **Healthy living**



### **Psychological distress**

In Tasmania, 11% of people are likely to experience high or very high levels of psychological distress. Data is not available for the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA.

PEOPLE WITH HIGH OR VERY HIGH LEVELS OF PSYCHOLOGICAL DISTRESS



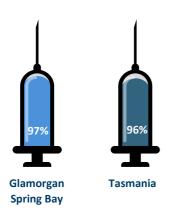
Psychological distress is a term used to describe unpleasant feelings or emotions that can influence how we function in daily life.

### Health care



#### **Immunisations**

Ninety-seven percent (97%) of children in the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA are fully immunised by the age of five, which is higher than the rate for Tasmania.



CHILDREN FULLY IMMUNISED AT 5 YEARS OF AGE

# GP and emergency department encounters



During 2019-2021, 4,375 people from the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA had an encounter with a general practitioner\*



On average each year during 2019-2021, 527 individuals from the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA visited an emergency department (106 people per 1,000 population^), with an average of 683 ED presentations per year (137 ED presentations per 1,000 population^)\*\*

^Estimated average annual population for 2019-21=4,990

Sources: Psychological distress: Department of Health and Human Services Report on the Tasmanian Population Health Survey 2013 Immunisations: Primary Health Information Development Unit, Social Health Atlas of Australia: Local Government Areas; Compiled based on data provided by Australian Childhood Immunisation Register, Medicare Australia, 2018. GP encounters: Primary Health Information Network (PHIN) dataset (General Practice dataset), Analysed by Primary Health Tasmania; accessed October 2022 Emergency department encounters: Department of Health and Human Services, Health Central Data Warehouse, Tasmania. Analysed by Primary Health Tasmania; accessed October 2022 \*Individual totals may be higher due to patients potentially visiting more than one practice outside an LGA area or possible de-identification linkage errors from patient administration extraction software.

### **Health outcomes**



### **Public hospital admissions**

During the five years from 2017-18 to 2021-22 there were 5,587 admissions to Tasmanian public hospitals from the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA, with 3,110 overnight stays.

#### **TOP FIVE CAUSES FOR OVERNIGHT ADMISSIONS**



Women giving birth



Factors influencing health status and contact with health services\*



Acute myocardial infarction (heart attack)



Throat and chest pain



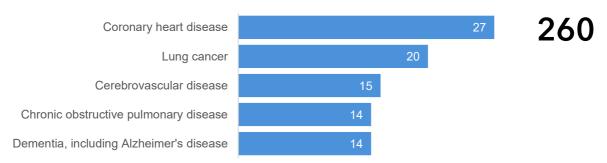
**Pneumonia** 

#### Causes of death

During 2016-2020 coronary heart disease (10.4%), lung cancer (7.7%), cerebrovascular disease (5.8%), chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (5.4%) and dementia including Alzheimer disease (5.4%), were the leading causes of the 260 deaths in the Glamorgan Spring Bay LGA.

#### **TOP CAUSES OF DEATH 2016-2020, BY NUMBER**

**ALL CAUSES** 



Sources: Public hospital admissions: Department of Health and Human Services, Health Central Data Warehouse, Tasmania. Analysed by Primary Health Tasmania; Accessed October 2022; \*Includes i) examination and investigation, ii) communicable diseases, iii) related to socioeconomic and psychosocial circumstances, iv) health services in other circumstances and v) related to family and personal history and certain conditions influencing health status

Causes of death: Mortality over Regions and Time (MORT) book, LGA, 2016-2020, accessed November 2022.

The Tasmanian Community Health Checks feature information about the 29 Local Government Areas (LGAs) in Tasmania. For reports on the other 28 LGAs, please visit primaryhealthtas.com.au and search for Community Health Checks or email info@primaryhealthtas.com.au.

This data is sourced as part of Primary Health Tasmania's ongoing provider support activity. While extensive efforts have been made to ensure this information is as accurate as possible, the data is gleaned from multiple public and private organisations via visits and web searches, and Primary Health Tasmania cannot attest to the continued veracity of this dataset as practice and practitioner details change continually. The information presented is accurate as of November 2022. For the most current information, please go to <a href="https://www.phnexchange.com.au">www.phnexchange.com.au</a>.